## RS232 Command Set for ES9, OptiScan.

The OptiScan controller can accept commands from either serial port. The ports (RS232-1 \& RS232-2) default to a baud rate of 9600 . This can be increased to 38400 if desired (see BAUD below). The ports can have different BAUD speeds and different compatibility mode (See COMP Command)

Commands are terminated with a Carriage Return code <CR> (the 'ENTER key of the pc keyboard') with the exceptions of 'I', 'K', and '\#' in compatibility mode.

One or more of the following delimiters separates commands from arguments.
COMMA
SPACE
TAB
EQUALS
SEMICOLON
COLON
To go to position ( $\mathrm{x}=100$ and $\mathrm{y}=200$ ) the user could enter any of the following
G,100,200<CR>
G 100200 <CR>
G $100200<\mathrm{CR}>$
G, 100, 200<CR>
G,,100,200<CR>
There are two modes of operation these are Standard, and Compatibility .
The main differences between these two modes are as follows:
In Standard mode the controller immediately returns R after any movement command (the user has to query the controller with the $\$$ command to determine if the stage has stopped moving), unlike Compatibility mode where the R is only returned after a movement has been completed.

In Standard mode commands can be stacked. This is not the case in Compatibility mode.

The Macro and Soak commands are only available in standard mode.
Standard mode is the recommended mode for new software development and offers more features.

Compatibility mode is supported for existing customers who do not wish to re-write their existing application code.

All communication is non blocking so commands can always be sent although some will not be performed immediately or indeed at all.

In Standard Mode up to 100 Commands can be queued. This assumes that each Command calls on 1 resource only. Each axis is defined as 1 resource apart from the stage which is a single resource even though it constitutes 2 axes. Thus stage, focus, filter wheel 1 and filter wheel 2 are each a single resource. Commands such as $\mathrm{G}, \mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}, \mathrm{z}$ must be treated as 2 commands since it uses 2 resources.

The stage defaults to moving 1 micron per supplied number. This means a move of 1000,0 would move the stage by 1 mm .

The STAGE, FILTER, FOCUS, and SHUTTER command responses are terminated with the word END. This will enable extra information about the OptiScan to be added in the future and still be readable by the Application Software.

It is recommended to treat the stage, focus, and filters as separate entities. This makes the use of PS, and PZ preferred over P for position on the fly. This will usually be better at the application level so each resource can be treated as a class.

Commands are now queued (Standard mode only) if the system is already in use.

### 6.2 Macro and Soak

MACRO - a set of commands can be entered and started in a block by the use of the MACRO command.

## Example of MACRO

If you wish to close a shutter, move the filter wheel to a new position then open the shutter.

| MACRO | 0 | enter macro mode |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $8,1,1$ | R | close shutter I |
| $7,1,4$ | R | move to filter position 4 |


| 8,I,0 | R | open shutter I |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| WAIT 1000 | R | wait 1000 msecs |
| MACRO | 0 | start the macro |

A macro list can be sent by the application software. It enables consecutive actions to be taken without any communication delay between them.

### 6.3 Soak Command

Soak - this is an extension to the MACRO command enabling the testing of a controller without tying up a PC. The soak routine continually performs the instructions entered in a loop reporting (along the RS232 port) the number of times round the loop on each pass. To stop the soak test, switch controller off and back on again and the unit will complete the current pass and then stop.

## Example of Soak

If you wish to test a shutter and filter wheel you could use the following routine.

| SOAK | 0 | enter soak mode |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $8,1,1$ | R | close shutter I |
| $7,1,4$ | R | move to filter position 4 |
| WAIT | 500 | wait 500msecs. |
| $8, \mathrm{I}, 0$ | R | open shutter I |
| $7,1,1$ | R | move to filter position 1 |
| SOAK | 0 | start the soak |

Note MACRO and SOAK can only be used in Standard Mode (COMP,0)

### 6.4 General Commands

| Command | Arguments | Response (All end with <cr>) | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ | [a] | decimal <br> number | Reports status as a decimal number and gives motion status of any axis of the controller. After binary conversion convention is as follows:- <br> OptiScan treats stage ( X and Y axis) as a single resource and as such a move in X or Y only will return 3. ( X and Y are kept separate for compatibility with ProScan). <br> Note also that a Z axis will only move after completion of a stage move. <br> If Z only moving 4 would be returned <br> Optional parameters " $\$$,a" where a is the axis or resource <br> $\mathrm{X}-\mathrm{X}$ axis <br> Y - Y axis <br> $\mathrm{S}-\mathrm{X}$ and Y axis <br> Z - Z axis <br> A - A axis (not present on Optiscan) <br> F - Filter wheels <br> F1 - Filter wheel 1 <br> F2 - Filter wheel 2 <br> When the optional parameter is used the binary word is just for the axis requested. Stage is for $\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}$ axis; F is for filters and would return 0 to 3 depending on if they are in use. |


| None |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| COMP | m | 0 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

### 6.5 Stage Commands

| Command | Arguments | Response <br> (All end <br> with <cr>) | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| B | None | R | Moves back by one step as defined by the ' X ' command below |
| B | y | R | Moves back by y steps. |
| BLSH | s,b | 0 | Sets the stage backlash value for Host moves to b in <br> microsteps. s = 1 enables backlash s=0 disables backlash |
| BLSH | s | None | S,b |
| BLSH | backlash s=0 disables backlash. |  |  | | Reports back s and b for Stage Host moves in form s,b (see |
| :--- |
| above) |


| H | None | 0 | Turns OFF the joystick (Stage and Z axes) after completion of <br> any current joystick move. The joystick is re-enabled using 'J' <br> Command (see below) The joystick is re-enabled each time the <br> controller is powered up. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| I | None | R | Stops movement in a controlled manner and returns to the <br> position the interrupt was entered at. This command is acted <br> on immediately in compatibility mode there is no need for a <br> <CR>. The command Queue is also emptied. |
| J None | 0 | C |  |
| JXD | Curns ON the joystick. (Stage and Z axes) This command is |  |  |
| acted upon immediately. |  |  |  |


| O | None | S | Reports value of O allowing for joystick speed buttons effect (if the button speed is $1 / 2$ and $O$ is set to 50 the returned value will be 25) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P | None | x,y,z | Reports position of $\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}$, and z axis |
| P | $\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}, \mathrm{z}$ | 0 | Sets Absolute position of $\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}$, and z axis, No axis can be moving for this command to work. If there is a linear encoder fitted on the Z axis the position can only be set when the current position is within the encoder range and it has previously been at some lower position. If neither of these conditions has been met an error will be reported. |
| PS | None | x,y | Reports position of Stage only (x, and y). |
| PS | x, y | 0 | Sets Absolute position of x , and y axis, No axis can be moving for this command to work. |
| PX | None | X | Reports position of x only. |
| PX | X | 0 | Sets Absolute position of x axis, No axis can be moving for this command to work. |
| PY | None | y | Reports position of y only. |
| PY | y | 0 | Sets Absolute position of y axis, No axis can be moving for this command to work. |
| R | None | R | Moves Right by one step as defined by ' X ' Command below. |
| R | X | R | Moves Right by x steps. |
| SAS | a | 0 | Sets the current Stage( $\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}$ ) acceleration to a. Range is 4 to 100 |
| SAS | none | a | Reports the current Stage(x, y) acceleration setting a |
| SMS | m | 0 | Sets the current Stage ( $\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}$ ) maximum speed to m . Range is 1 to 100 |
| SMS | None | m | Reports the current Stage ( $\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}$ ) maximum speed setting m |


| $=$ | None |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

### 6.6 Z Axis Commands

| Command | Arguments | Response <br> (All end <br> with <cr>) | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BLZH | s,b | 0 | Sets the Z backlash value for host moves to b in microsteps. $\mathrm{s}=1$ enables backlash $\mathrm{s}=0$ disables backlash |
| BLZH | S | 0 | Enables / Disables the Z backlash s = 1 enables backlash $\mathrm{s}=0$ disables backlash. |
| BLZH | None | s,b | Reports back the Z backlash value for Host moves. |
| BLZJ | s,b | 0 | Sets the Z backlash value for Joystick/Digipot to b in microsteps s = 1 enables backlash s=0 disables backlash. |
| BLZJ | S | 0 | Enables / Disables the Z backlash s=1 enables backlash s=0 disables backlash. |
| BLZJ | None | s,b | Reports back s and b for Z axis (see above) |
| C | None | W | Reports the current step size for the focus motor. |
| C | w | 0 | Sets the current step size for the focus motor w |
| D | Z | R | Moves Down by z steps. |
| D | None | R | Moves Down one step as defined by the 'C' Command. |
| FOCUS | None | Text string | Prints information about focus unit.. <br> There are 250 microsteps per full step. The information end is always a line saying END This allows for the addition of extra fields of information without effecting application software. Users should always read lines in until the END is seen to keep in sync. <br> Example <br> FOCUS = NORMAL <br> TYPE $=0$ <br> STEPS $=50$ <br> END |


| H | None | 0 | Turns OFF the joystick (Stage and Z axes) after completion of <br> any current joystick move. Joystick is re-enabled using 'J <br> Command below. The joystick is re-enabled each time the <br> controller is powered up. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| I | None | R | Gracefully stops movement and returns to the position the <br> interrupt was entered at. In compatibility mode <br> only there is no need for a <CR>. The command Queue is <br> also emptied. |
| J | None | 0 | d |
| JZD | Turns ON the joystick. (Stage and Z axes) This command is |  |  |
| acted upon immediately. |  |  |  |


| SMZ | None | m | Report the current Z maximum speed setting m |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| SMZ | m | 0 | Sets the current Z maximum speed to m. Range is 1 to 100 |
| U | Z | R | Moves Up by z steps. |
| U | None | R | Moves Up by one step as defined by the 'C' Command. |
| V | z | R | R |
| ZZ | None | 0 | Sets the focus speed to z (range -30000 to +30000). VZ, 1000 <br> give velocity of 30000 microsteps per second. To stop a virtual <br> focus move use VZ, 0. |
| ZD | d | 0 | Sets the stage and focus to absolute position to ZERO (0, 0, 0). |
| ZD | None | d | d=1 Sets direction of rotation of focus motor. Defaults to 1 and <br> is correct for motor fitted on right hand side of microscope. <br> d=-1 Direction of rotation of focus motor opposite to above. |

### 6.7 Filter Wheel Commands

| Command | Arguments | Response <br> (All end <br> with $\langle\mathrm{cr}>$ ) | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 | w, f | if $f=F$ the current filter else R If no wheel is fitted E, 17 will be returned. | If f is a number move filter wheel w to filter position f . if f is a ' N ' move filter wheel w to next filter. If f is a ' P ' move filter wheel w to previous filter. If f is a ' F ' report current filter on filter wheel w . if $f$ is a ' H ' performs a home routine. |
| FILTER | W | Text string | Prints information about filter wheel w. The information end is always a line saying END This allows for the addition of extra fields of information without effecting application software. Users should always read lines in until the END is seen to keep in order to maintain compatibility. <br> Example <br> FILTER_1 = HF110-10 <br> TYPE $=3$ <br> PULSES PER REV $=262500$ <br> FILTERS PER WHEEL = 10 <br> OFFSET $=223500$ <br> END |
| FPW | W | n | Reports the number $n$ of filters on wheel ' w '. |
| SAF | W | a | Report the current filter wheel w acceleration setting. |
| SAF | w, a | 0 | Sets the current filter wheel w , acceleration to a. Range is 4 to 100 |
| SMF | W | m | Report the current filter wheel w maximum speed setting m |
| SMF | w, m | 0 | Sets the current filter wheel w maximum speed to $m$. Range is 1 to 100 |

### 6.8 Shutter Commands

| Command | Arguments | Response <br> (All end <br> with <cr>) | Description <br> 8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| s,c,[t] | R <br> If shutter s <br> is not fitted <br> E,20 will be <br> returned | Opens or closes the shutter s (value 'A' 'B' or 'C'), if c is 0 the <br> shutter is opened, 1 it is closed. The optional parameter t will <br> open/close shutter for duration t milliseconds |  |
| 8 | s |  | If shutter s <br> is not fitted <br> E,20 will be <br> returned |
| SHUTTE | s |  | Text string <br> R |

### 6.9 Pattern Commands

| Command | Arguments | Response <br> (All end <br> with <cr> | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| E | None | R | Sets the origin for the pattern to the current position. <br> Zeros the pattern X and Y counter. |
| N | n,m | 0 | Fixes the number n of X and number m of Y steps for the <br> pattern |
| N | None | n,m | Reports number of X and Y steps. |
| S | None | R | Sets the origin of the disc grid equal to the current position. |
| S | ? | neros the disc grid X and Y counter. |  |


| Y | None | R | Move to next position of Rectangular Snake. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Y | $?$ | s | Step number of scan. |
| Y | n,m | R | Moves to nth cell in X and mth cell in Y |

### 6.10 HI27/HI28 Compatible Commands

The Commands below also exist but will only operate in Compatibility mode (COMP,1).
Equivalent commands in standard mode are described earlier. The Commands below allow Compatibility with previous generations of Prior Controllers H127/H128.

| Command | Argument | Response <br> Including< <br> CR> | Description <br> AFS |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| None | 0 | AutoFocus score. A value zero is returned as Autofocus is not <br> implemented in OptiScan. |  |
| FS | None | n<LF> | Limit switch status (see Main Command section above for <br> description.) <br> Note the addition of LineFeed<LF> before <CR> |
| 10 | None | $0<$ LF> | 0<LF> indicates no AutoFocus fitted (only available with <br> ProScan) <br> Note the addition of LineFeed <LF> before <CR> |
| SRZ | None | R | Set Reference Zero (not implemented in OptiScan) |


| ZBL | s,b |  | Sets the Z backlash value for joystick/digipot to b in pulses $\mathrm{s}=1$ enables backlash $\mathrm{s}=0$ disables backlash. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ZBL | None |  | Reports back s and b for Z axis (see above) in form s, b |
| XYBLPC | s,b |  | Sets the XY backlash value for host moves to b in pulses. $\mathrm{s}=1$ enables backlash s=0 disables backlash |
| XYBLPC | None |  | Reports back the XY backlash for host moves in form s,b (see above) |
| ZBLPC | s,b |  | Sets the Z backlash value for host moves to b in pulses. $\mathrm{s}=1$ enables backlash $\mathrm{s}=0$ disables backlash |
| G3 | x,y,z |  | Go to Absolute Position $\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}, \mathrm{z}$ |
| 9 | x,y,z |  | Sets Absolute position to $\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}, \mathrm{z}$ |
| \# | None | $\mathrm{n}<\mathrm{LF}$ > | Motor status Note addition of <LF> before <CR> n is a decimal number which, when converted to binary is as follows:- <br> OptiScan cannot separate X and Y axes so 3 is returned even if only X or Y moving. <br> OptScan cannot move Z motor at same time as the stage. $4^{\text {th }}$ axis does not exist in OptiScan. 6 axes are displayed for compatibility with ProScan. |


| I (no<CR>) | None | R when <br> motors <br> stopped (if <br> motors <br> moving) <br> No <br> response at <br> all if <br> motors <br> already <br> stationary | Stops stage in a controlled manner. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ZBLPC | None |  |  |

